

Amendment of Claims Under § 1.173(b)

The Applicants respectfully request amendment of claims 1-4 and 15-16 as indicated below

1. (Twice Amended) A method for forming and solidifying uniform sized and shaped solid spheres comprising the steps of:

providing a supply of a low viscosity liquid material in a crucible,

applying a minute periodic disturbance to the low viscosity liquid material in the crucible,

applying a pressure to the low viscosity liquid material, the pressure forcing the material through at least one orifice in the crucible as a steady laminar stream, the stream of the material exiting into an enclosed controlled low temperature solidification environment having a temperature of less than about 0° C., the enclosed controlled low temperature solidification environment containing at least [one] a first heat transfer medium and a second heat transfer medium, the first heat transfer medium and the second heat transfer medium forming a heat gradient within the enclosed controlled low temperature solidification environment;

[applying a charge to ] breaking the stream of material [as the stream exits the orifice and breaks] up into a plurality of uniform sized and shaped liquid spheres, and

[passing the charged liquid spheres through an electric field to deflect the liquid spheres, and]

allowing the liquid spheres to pass through the first heat transfer medium and the second heat transfer medium in the enclosed controlled low temperature solidification environment to cool and solidify into the uniform sized and shaped solid spheres.

2. (Amended) The method of claim 1, in which the enclosed [con-trolled] controlled temperature solidification environment includes a first[, ] or gaseous environment through which the [charged] spheres are passed, the first[, ] or gaseous environment containing the first heat transfer medium which comprises a spray of cooling fluid, liquefied gas or halo-carbon which evaporates in the enclosed controlled temperature solidification environment and which absorbs the heat of fusion from the spheres.
3. (Amended) The method of claim 2, in which the enclosed [con-trolled] controlled temperature solidification environment includes a second[, ] or liquid environment through which the spheres pass after passing through the first[, ] or gaseous environment[, ], the second[, ] or liquid environment containing [a] the second heat transfer medium which comprises a supply of a liquid material.
4. (Amended) The method of claim 3, comprising passing the spheres through the second[, ] or liquid environment to remove heat from the spheres and to cushion the spheres before the spheres contact a bottom of the enclosed controlled temperature solidification environment.
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15. (Twice Amended) The method of claim [1] 29, in which the deflection means comprises two spatially separated surfaces and comprising generating the [electrical] electric field between the two surfaces to deflect the [descending] liquid spheres.

16. (Twice Amended) A method for forming uniform sized and shaped spheres comprising the steps of:

providing a supply of a low viscosity liquid material in a crucible,

applying a minute periodic disturbance to the low viscosity liquid material in the crucible,

applying a pressure to the low viscosity liquid material, the pressure forcing the material through at least one orifice in the crucible as a steady laminar stream, the stream of the material exiting into an enclosed [con-trolled] controlled temperature solidification environment;

[applying a charge to] breaking the stream of material [as the stream exits the orifice and breaks] up into a plurality of uniform sized and shaped liquid spheres; and

[passing the charged liquid spheres through an electric field to deflect liquid the spheres; and]

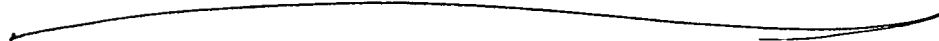
allowing the spheres to pass through first and second media in an enclosed controlled temperature solidification environment to cool and solidify the spheres;

the enclosed controlled temperature solidification environment including a first[,]  
or gaseous environment through which the charged spheres are passed, the first[,]  
or gaseous environment containing the first medium which comprises a spray of cooling fluid, liquefied gas or halocarbon, the first medium evaporating in the enclosed controlled temperature solidification environment and absorbing the heat of fusion from the spheres;

the enclosed controlled temperature solidification environment also including a second[,]  
or liquid environment through which the spheres pass after passing through the

first, gaseous environment, the second[,] or liquid environment containing the second medium which comprises a supply of a liquid material, the second medium cushioning the spheres before the spheres contact a bottom of the enclosed controlled temperature solidification environment.

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Addition of New Claims Under § 1.173(b)

The Applicants respectfully request the application be amended to include the following new claims 29-36 as provided below.

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29. (New) The method of claim 1, further comprising steps of:  
applying a charge to the stream of material as the stream exits the orifice; and  
passing liquid spheres to which the charge has been applied through an electric field to  
deflect the charged liquid spheres.

30. (New) The method of claim 16, further comprising steps of:  
applying a charge to the stream of material as the stream exits the orifice; and  
passing liquid spheres to which the charge has been applied through an electric field to  
deflect the charged liquid spheres.

31. (New) A method for forming and solidifying uniform sized and shaped solid  
spheres comprising the steps of:  
applying a pressure to low viscosity liquid material contained in a crucible, the  
pressure forcing the material through at least one orifice in the crucible as a steady  
laminar stream, the stream of the material exiting into an enclosed controlled low  
temperature solidification environment having a temperature of less than about 0° C., the  
enclosed controlled low temperature solidification environment containing at least a first  
heat transfer medium and a second heat transfer medium, the first heat transfer medium

and the second heat transfer medium forming a heat gradient within the enclosed controlled low temperature solidification environment; and

allowing the liquid material to pass through the first heat transfer medium and the second heat transfer medium in the enclosed controlled low temperature solidification environment to cool and solidify into the uniform sized and shaped solid spheres.

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32. (New) A method for forming and solidifying uniform sized and shaped solid spheres, the method comprising:

providing a supply of a low viscosity liquid material in a crucible,

applying a minute periodic disturbance to the low viscosity liquid material in the crucible,

applying a pressure to the low viscosity liquid material, the pressure forcing the material through at least one orifice in the crucible as a steady laminar stream, the stream of the material exiting into an enclosed controlled low temperature solidification environment having a temperature of less than about 0° C., the enclosed controlled low temperature solidification environment containing at least one heat transfer medium forming a heat gradient within the enclosed controlled low temperature solidification environment;

*top & bottom portion  
2. dist. temp. 3*

breaking the stream of material up into a plurality of uniform sized and shaped liquid spheres, and

allowing the liquid spheres to pass through the heat transfer medium in the enclosed controlled low temperature solidification environment to cool and solidify into the uniform sized and shaped solid spheres.

33. (New) The method of claim 32 wherein forming the heat gradient includes the enclosed controlled temperature solidification environment including a first or gaseous environment containing the first heat transfer medium at a temperature of a first desired value through which the liquid spheres pass.

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34. (New) The method of claim 33 wherein the first heat transfer medium includes a spray of cooling fluid, liquefied gas or halo-carbon which evaporates in the enclosed controlled temperature solidification environment and which absorbs the heat of fusion from the liquid spheres.

35. (New) The method of claim 33 wherein forming the heat gradient further includes the enclosed controlled temperature solidification environment including a second or liquid environment containing a second heat transfer medium at a temperature of a second desired value through which the liquid spheres pass after passing through the first or gaseous environment.

36. (New) The method of claim 35 wherein the second heat transfer medium includes a supply of liquid material which removes heat from the spheres and which cushions the spheres before the spheres contact a bottom of the enclosed controlled temperature environment.

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